

Grammatical Structures

Examples

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| • simple present tense | → <i>Jeremy works hard.</i> |
| • present continuous tense | → <i>Kate is looking for her purse</i> |
| • can/cannot | → <i>He can swim.</i> |
| • could/couldn't | → <i>She couldn't submit her essay on time.</i> |
| • should/need to | → <i>You should finish your food.</i> |
| • must/must not | → <i>You must not smoke here.</i> |
| • have to/has to/had to | → <i>I have to be home by eight.</i> |
| • be going to, will | → <i>I am going to watch a movie tonight.</i> |
| • simple past tense | → <i>They stayed at a hotel last night.</i> |
| • common adjectives | → <i>It was a fantastic movie!</i> |
| • common adverbs | → <i>The weather was extremely cold.</i> |
| • common prepositions | → <i>They live in London.</i> |
| • some, few, many, much | → <i>She has many friends.</i> |
| • and, but, or | → <i>Dorothy and her friends are playing outside.</i> |
| • very, so, too | → <i>I am so scared!</i> |
| • before, after, when | → <i>I called him after I finished my work.</i> |
| • because, so | → <i>They played well so they won.</i> |
| • adverbs of manner | → <i>He speaks English fluently.</i> |
| • simple gerunds and infinitives | → <i>Mike enjoys meeting new people.</i> |
| • imperative | → <i>Sit down!</i> |
| • simple relative clauses | → <i>The man who is over there is my father.</i> |
| • past continuous tense | → <i>They were having a party last night.</i> |
| • conjunctions of time | → <i>She fainted when she heard the news.</i> |
| • present perfect tense | → <i>I have been to Spain twice before.</i> |
| • adverbs of time (already, just, yet, still) | → <i>He hasn't had his breakfast yet.</i> |
| • type-1 conditional (if-clauses) | → <i>If you work hard, you will be successful.</i> |
| • simple question tags | → <i>You don't like him, do you?</i> |
| • would like + to infinitive | → <i>I would like to drink some tea.</i> |
| • rare use of indirect statements | → <i>He said that the exam was quite hard.</i> |